

Neubauer, *et al.* Post-mortem whole exome analysis in a large sudden infant death syndrome cohort with a focus on cardiovascular and metabolic genetic diseases.

Supp. Data Table S1 Epidemiological data of the SIDS cohort

	SIDS I	SIDS II	all SIDS cases
nr. of individuals	41	120	161
gender			
male	24	73	97
female	17	47	64
age in weeks (range)			
overall	17.1 ± 10.2 (4.0 - 34.4)	17.2 ± 10.6 (0.6 - 48.1)	17.2 ± 10.4 (0.6 - 48.1)
male	17.1 ± 10.0 (4.0 - 34.4)	17.1 ± 10.4 (2.5 - 43.0)	17.3 ± 10.6 (4.0 - 43.0)
female	17.3 ± 10.5 (4.8 - 22.3)	17.0 ± 10.4 (0.6 - 48.1)	17.0 ± 10.4 (0.6 - 48.1)
sleeping position at death			
prone-sleeping position	12 (29.3%)	48 (40.0%)	60 (37.2%)
supine-sleeping position	5 (12.2%)	23 (19.1%)	28 (16.7%)
unknown	24 (58.5%)	49 (40.9%)	73 (45.1%)
sharing bed with parents at death			
yes	5 (12.2%)	18 (15.0%)	23 (14.3%)
no	29 (70.7%)	83 (69.2%)	112 (69.6%)
unknown	7 (17.1%)	19 (15.8%)	26 (16.1%)
exposed to smoking			
yes	8 (19.5%)	30 (25.0%)	38 (23.6%)
no	3 (7.3%)	25 (20.8%)	28 (17.4%)
unknown	30 (73.2%)	65 (54.2%)	95 (59.0%)
preterm birth			
yes	0 (0%)	17 (14.2%)	17 (10.5%)
no	28 (68.3%)	71 (59.2%)	99 (61.5%)
unknown	13 (31.7%)	32 (26.6%)	45 (28.0%)
vaccination			
yes	11 (26.8%)	37 (30.8%)	48 (29.8%)
no	3 (7.3%)	11 (9.2%)	14 (8.7%)
unknown	27 (65.9%)	72 (60.0%)	99 (61.5%)